AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-8 (Canceled).

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): A method for making a non-linear inductor from laminations of magnetic material having different widths comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of first laminations of magnetic material, each of said first laminations having a first leg with an edge and at least one other leg;

providing a plurality of second laminations of magnetic material, each of said second laminations having the same predetermined shape;

stacking said <u>first</u> laminations to produce <u>a first stack with a first leg portion and</u> <u>at least one other leg portion</u>, <u>said first leg portion comprising the first legs and said at least one other leg portion comprising the at least one other legs;</u>

stacking said second laminations to produce a second stack:

disposing the first stack adjacent to the second stack so as to form an air gap with two or more different widths between the first leg portion of the first stack and the second stack;

disposing a winding around the first leg portion or the at least one other leg portion of the first stack; and

adjusting the width configuration of said air gap and the number of said laminations to produce a desired non-linear inductance characteristic for said inductor.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method for making a non-linear inductor in accordance with claim 9, wherein from laminations of magnetic material having different widths comprising: stacking at least a <u>first</u> predetermined number of said <u>first</u> laminations having one of said different widths <u>have a first length</u> and a <u>second</u> predetermined number of said <u>first</u> laminations having another of said different widths to produce an air gap with two or more widths <u>have a second length</u>, said first and second

lengths being different; and

wherein the step of adjusting the configuration of the air gap comprises adjusting the arrangement of said <u>first</u> predetermined number of said <u>first</u> laminations having ene of said <u>different widths</u> said <u>first length</u> and said <u>second</u> predetermined number of said <u>first</u> laminations having said <u>another of said different widths</u> <u>second length</u> in said <u>first</u> stack to produce a <u>the</u> desired non-linear inductance characteristic for said inductor.

Claims 11-21 (Canceled).

Claim 22 (New): The method of claim 9, wherein the air gap comprises a first portion having a first width and a second portion having a second width, said first and second widths being different.

Claim 23 (New): The method of claim 22, wherein the step of adjusting the configuration of the air gap comprises adjusting the width of one of the first and second portions of the air gap.

Claim 24 (New): The method of claim 22 wherein the step of adjusting the configuration of the air gap comprises adjusting the length of one of the first and second portions of the air gap.

Claim 25 (New): The method of claim 22, wherein the air gap further comprises a third portion having the first width, and wherein said second portion is disposed between the first and third portions.

Claim 26 (New): The method of claim 25, wherein the second portion of the air gap is located midway along the depth of the first stack in the stacking direction.

Claim 27 (New): The method of claim 25, wherein the first width is greater than the second width.

Claim 28 (New): The method of claim 25, wherein the second portion of the air gap extends the entire depth of the first stack in the stacking direction.

Claim 29 (New): The method of claim 10, wherein each of the first laminations is E-shaped and includes a center leg disposed between a pair of end legs, said center leg being the first leg and said end legs being the at least one other leg; and

wherein the first stack comprises a center leg portion disposed between a pair of end leg portions, said center leg portion being the first leg portion of the first stack and said end leg portions being the at least one other leg portion of the first stack.

Claim 30 (New): The method of claim 22, wherein the first laminations each have the same predetermined shape, wherein in each of the first laminations, the edge of the first leg is a stepped edge, and wherein the step of stacking the first laminations comprises aligning the stepped edges of the first legs to form a stepped end of the first leg portion of the first stack.

Claim 31 (New): The method of claim 30, wherein each of the first laminations is E-shaped and includes a center leg disposed between a pair of end legs, said center leg being the first leg and said end legs being the at least one other leg; and

wherein the first stack comprises a center leg portion disposed between a pair of end leg portions, said center leg portion being the first leg portion of the first stack and said end leg portions being the at least one other leg portion of the first stack.

Claim 32 (New): The method of claim 22, wherein each of the first laminations is E-shaped and includes a center leg disposed between a pair of end legs, said center leg being the first leg and said end legs being the at least one other leg; and

wherein the first stack comprises a center leg portion disposed between a pair of end leg portions, said center leg portion being the first leg portion of the first stack and said end leg portions being the at least one other leg portion of the first stack.

Claim 33 (New): The method of claim 32, wherein the first and second portions of the air gap are arranged adjacent to each other in the direction between the end leg portions of the first stack.

Claim 34 (New): The method of claim 32, wherein the first and second

portions of the air gap are arranged adjacent to each other in the stacking direction of the first laminations.

Claim 35 (New): The method of claim 32, wherein the winding is disposed around the center leg portion of the first stack.

Claim 36 (New): The method of claim 32, wherein each of the second laminations is I-shaped, and wherein the first stack is disposed adjacent to the second stack such that end portions of the second stack adjoin the end leg portions of the first stack, respectively.

Claim 37 (New): The method of claim 32, wherein the air gap extends uninterrupted between the center leg portion of the first stack and the second stack for the entire width of the center leg portion of the first stack.